

Offline Sampling

Universal Bottle Sampler



Universal Bottle Sampler

Features & Benefits

- Simple operation
- Efficient testing procedure
- Clean and contamination free sampling
- Available for both mineral based and aggressive fluids
- Further advances the LCM20's flexibility into laboratory bottle sampling environments
- Can accept various different sized bottles
- Minimal working parts
- Internal auto setting fuse for overload protection
- Simple maintenance procedures

Typical Applications

- Batch sampling
- Aircraft rig certification
- Oil research
- Laboratory testing
- Transfer line monitoring

Providing The Dynamic Link To All Portable Particle / Water Counters.

The UBS off-line, has microprocessor technology to recognise and adjust to the connecting monitor including the LaserCM and Water in Oil Monitor.

Simple To Use UBS

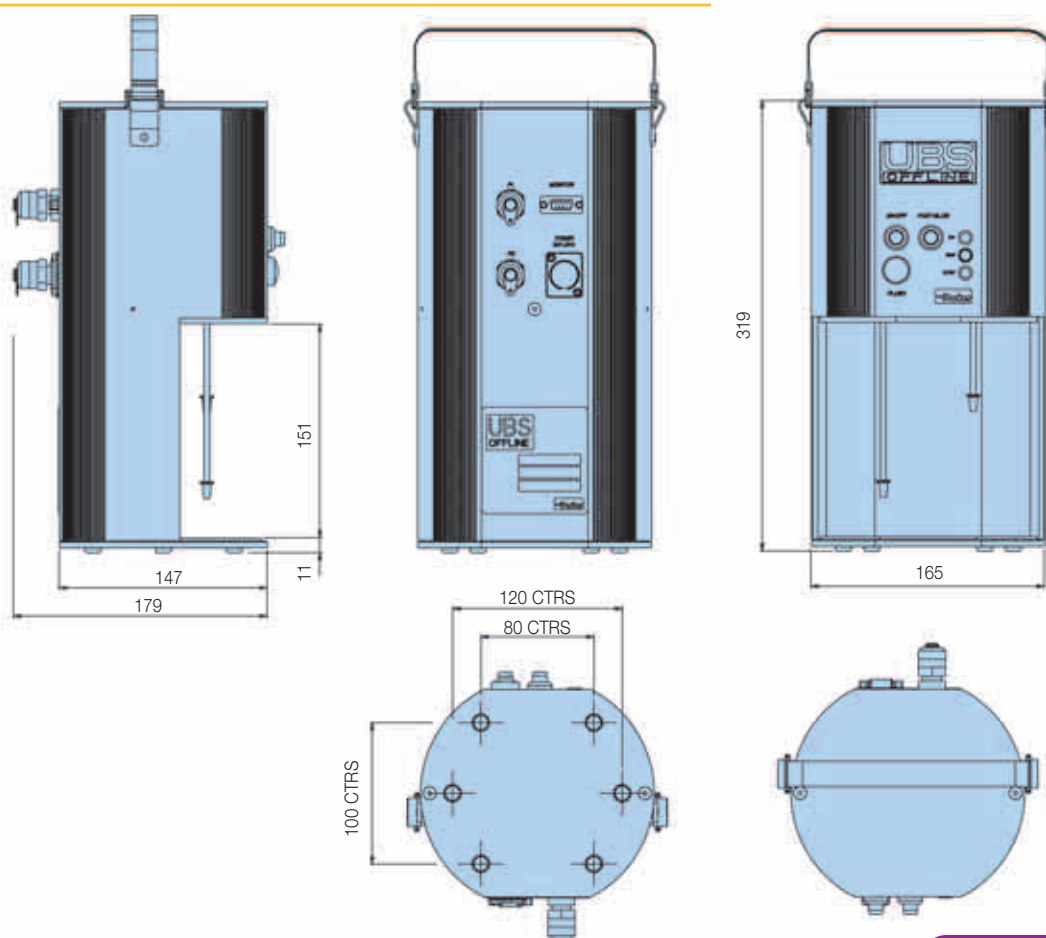
The oil sample is drawn into the UBS Off-line where it is secured, free from further contamination, in a bottle together with a clean waste bottle by a peristaltic, self-priming pump. Simple operation and efficient testing are assured once the UBS Off-line is connected to any of the CM monitors, and powered up using it's own power source. The oil sample requires agitation and de-gassing before carrying out the contamination test. A de-gassing kit option is available and consists of a vacuum chamber and pump. (Standard with UBS.9002)



Specification

Description	UBS offline
Viscosity range 2 to 250 cSt	●
Operating temp +5 to +80°C	●
Test time 2m15s / 4m15s (Flush 2m)	●
12 Vdc power supply	●
Extruded aluminium construction	●
Unit weight - (Kg)	4
Mineral oil and petroleum based compatibility	Fluorocarbon seal
Phosphate Ester group compatibility	EPDM seals
CE certified	●
Military approved	●
Manual operation	●
Bottle pack	●
De-gassing chamber	●
Manual	●
Sample tube pack	●
Interface cable to LCM20, H ₂ Oil etc.	●

Installation Details



Universal Bottle Sampler

Usage Specifications

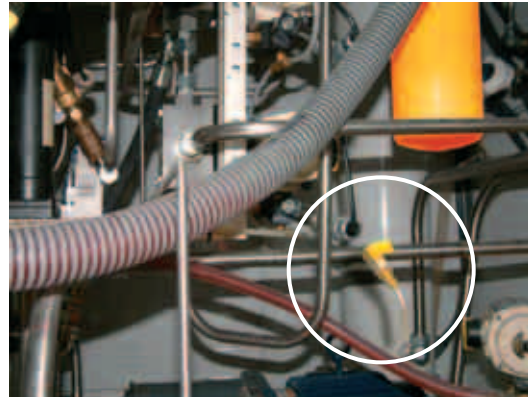
System Flow Rate

Samples are best taken from a point in the system where the flow is TURBULENT (Reynolds No. greater than 4000). The turbulent flow creates a mixing action. Where flow is streamline or LAMINAR, larger particulate may tend to settle toward the lower pipe surface and not be sampled.

System Condition Changes

Changes in the system operating condition, flow, temperature, pressure or vibration, can result in previously sedimented contaminant being retrained into the flowing oil. It is also possible that these changes may cause partially contaminated filter elements to shed particulate into the system. Samples should, therefore, be extracted when the system is in a steady state condition and the result less likely to be distorted by contaminant peaks.

There are a number of proprietary sampling valves available which adhere to good theoretical principles. However, they do tend to generate a level of precision and cost which is unnecessary for trend monitoring.



Sampling points should enable extraction of a sample without changing the system's condition. Fine control needle valves are not desirable, as they have a tendency to silt up under some operating conditions, causing the distribution of contaminants in the fluid to be changed. The sampling port should be protected to maintain cleanliness and thoroughly flushed before collecting the sample for analysis. Allow sufficient airspace in the bottle to enable 80% fill.

Bottle Cleanliness

It is preferable that bottles have sealing screw caps and both parts are cleaned to a suitable level in accordance with ISO3722.

The bottle should not contain more than one tenth the number of particles per 100ml than are expected to be monitored. Standard Parker bottles are supplied clean to ISO13/11 (NAS Class 4) and should not be used to accurately count oils cleaner than ISO 15/12 (NAS Class 6) although they may be used for "trend monitoring" at lower levels.

The bottle should remain capped until time of sample filling and re-capped immediately afterwards.

Sample Mixing

Sedimentation of contaminant in a sample will occur, the rate of which is dependent upon both fluid and particle characteristics.

Samples should be analysed, without delay, once agitated and de-gassed.



Ordering Information

Standard products table

Part number	Description
UBS9002	Universal bottle sampler (includes aluminium case and kit)
UBS9003	Universal bottle sampler
UBS9004	Aggressive universal bottle sampler
UBS9005	Aggressive universal bottle sampler (Includes aluminium case and kit)

Accessories

Part number	Supersedes	Description
B89907	B.89.907	Sample bottle kit (2 Bottles)
B89910	B.89.910	Sample bottle pack (50 x B.89907)
S840054	N/A	Power supply and socket
S890005	N/A	De-gassing kit and pump
B89603	B.89.603	De-gassing chamber
B89802	B.89.802	Cable and adaptor

Note 1: Part numbers featured with bold highlighted codes will ensure a 'standard' product selection.

Note 2: Alternate displayed part number selection will require you to contact Parker Filtration for availability.

